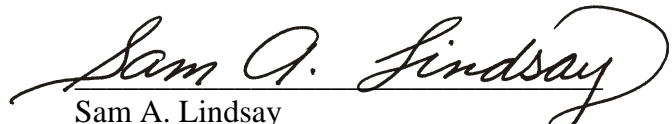


must be entered before the court may enter a default judgment. *Id.*; *New York Life Ins. Co. v. Brown*, 84 F.3d 137, 141 (5th Cir. 1996). The clerk of the court has entered a default against Watson.

Watson, by failing to answer or otherwise respond to Plaintiff's Complaint, has admitted the well-pleaded allegations of the Complaint and is precluded from contesting the established facts on appeal. *Nishimatsu Constr. Co. v. Houston Nat'l Bank*, 515 F.2d 1200, 1206 (5th Cir. 1975) (citations omitted). The well-pleaded allegations of Plaintiff's Complaint, which the court accepts as true, establish that Watson deprived Wilson of her substantive due process right to bodily integrity, which is guaranteed under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, when he sexually assaulted her in May 2009; and that Watson committed an assault under state law when he sexually assaulted Plaintiff. The court therefore concludes that Watson is liable to Plaintiff for the acts committed against her, and the court **grants** Plaintiff's Motion for Default Judgment as to liability.

The court also determines that Plaintiff has suffered damages as a result of Watson's illegal conduct; however, the damages are unliquidated, and a hearing is required to determine the amount of damages to which Plaintiff is entitled. Accordingly, as previously set by the court, a hearing will be held on the amount of damages on **September 22, 2014**, at **9:00 a.m.**

It is so ordered this 19th day of September, 2014.


Sam A. Lindsay
United States District Judge